Organizational Profile

South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh

House # 63, Block-‘Ka’, Mohammadpur Housing, Pisciculture & Farming Cooperative Society Ltd., Shyamoli, Mohammadpur, Dhaka-1207, Bangladesh
Tel: +88 02 58155650, 58152746, 8142525, Cell: +88 01720200030
Email: edsapbd@gmail.com, Website: www.sapbd.org

January 2020
1. Basic Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Full Name of the Organization</th>
<th>South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Short Name</td>
<td>SAP-BD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mailing Address of Head Office and Training Center</td>
<td>House # 63, Block-‘Ka’, Mohammadpur Housing, Pisciculture &amp; Farming Cooperative Society Ltd., Shyamoli, Mohammadpur, Dhaka-1207, Bangladesh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact Number</td>
<td>Tel: +88 02 58155650, 58152746, 8142525, Cell: +88 01720200030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-mail Address</td>
<td><a href="mailto:edsapbd@gmail.com">edsapbd@gmail.com</a>, <a href="mailto:sapbdesh@gmail.com">sapbdesh@gmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Website</td>
<td><a href="http://www.sapbd.org">http://www.sapbd.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact Person of the organization</td>
<td>Md. Delwar Hossain, Executive Director Tel: +88 02 58155650, 58152746, 8142525, Cell: +88 01720200030 Email: <a href="mailto:edsapbd@gmail.com">edsapbd@gmail.com</a>, Skype: delwar1234561</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Establishment Date</td>
<td>March 29, 1984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff Strength</td>
<td>Total staff: 223, Male: 146, Female: 77 Regular: 172, Male: 125, Female: 47 Contractual: 51, Male: 21, Female: 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Volunteers</td>
<td>Total Volunteers: 9,060, Male: 4,302, Female: 4,758 Paid Volunteer: 344, Male: 00, Female: 344 Unpaid Volunteer: 8,716, Male: 4,302, Female: 4,414</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EuropeAid ID number</td>
<td>BD-2009-GPW-0802123635</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Background of South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh

South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh (SAP-BD) is a national level NGO devoted to promote the socio-economic condition of the poorer section of the community in Bangladesh since its inception in 1984.

Initially South Asia Partnership (SAP) emerged as South Asia Partnership International (SAP-I) based in Canada and South Asia Partnership Bangladesh was one of the country offices of South Asia Partnership International. Later South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh has been independent as a national NGO in Bangladesh and registered under section 21 of Society Registration Act, 1860; NGO Affairs Bureau of Bangladesh; and Micro Credit Regulatory Authority of Bangladesh.

Founding members of the organization were Dr. Mahmuda Islam, Sir Fazle Hasan Abed, Advocate Sigma Huda, Mr. Md. Ataur Rahman, Dr. Kazi Faruque Ahmed, Mr. Md. Rahat Uddin Ahmed, Mr. Muhammed Kamal Uddin and Mr. Abdul Latif Dewan.

SAP-Bangladesh is one of the key actors in the NGO development efforts in Bangladesh, working for building the capacity of small and mid level NGOs and promote rural development in Bangladesh by implementing the pro-poor projects. It began its operation in Bangladesh in 1984 as a funding agency for
local NGOs who were not capable of attracting funding from donors on their own competence. Realizing the fact over the years, SAP-Bangladesh expanded its support to include capacity building in the form of training and other technical supports in order to help these NGOs to meet the needs of the people and operate development programs more efficiently. In the last 34 years, SAP-Bangladesh provided technical and financial support to more than 350 NGOs which have field operation programs in 37 districts in Bangladesh.

SAP-BD implemented different development programs since its inception covering 37 districts such as Panchagarh, Lalmonirhat, Kurigram, Dinajpur, Rangpur, Gaibandha, Bogra, Chapainawabganj, Rajshahi, Natore, Sirajganj, Jamalpur, Pabna, Rajbari, Jhenaidah, Jessore, Narail, Madaripur, Gopalganj, Shariatpur, Barisal, Khulna, Bagerhat, Pirojpur, Satkhira, Patuakhali, Barguna, Sylhet, Brahmanbaria, Dhaka, Narayanganj, Munshiganj, Comilla, Noakhali, Rangamati, Chittagong, and Coxsbazar covering all the divisions in Bangladesh.

SAP-BD implements its program interventions ensuring social security by addressing the issues of antiterrorism, women empowerment, violence against women and children, disaster prone communities, and inclusion of all people including marginalized communities, persons with disability and ethnic minorities.

Currently SAP-Bangladesh is implementing a total of 10 projects/programs covering 7 districts such as Bagerhat, Patuakhali, Barguna, Bhola, Dhaka, Manikganj and Sirajganj through a total of 43 offices including head office and training center in Dhaka, 8 Area Offices, 27 Branch Offices and 7 Project Offices in Bangladesh.

It has increased its role in promoting discussions & mass awareness of the community and civil society organizations on important issues of development through opinion poll, publications of bulletins, citizen dialogues, lobbying and advocacy in Bangladesh.

While SAP-Bangladesh has been working in partnership with local NGOs aimed at promoting the socio-economic, socio-political conditions and position of the poor, it has been directly implementing diversified projects at the community level aimed at promoting the socio-economic, socio-political conditions and position of the poorer section of the community. The experiences gained from the directly implemented projects are widely used in partnership projects and the experience gained from the partnership projects are also widely used in the directly implemented projects. The organization is also implementing the disaster preparedness, response, early recovery, rehabilitation, and Disaster Risks Reduction (DRR) Projects in each and every disaster in Bangladesh since its inception.

3. **Core Values:**
   - Beliefs in peoples’ capacity, human dignity, and social justice;
   - Honor cultural, ethnicity, religious, and spiritual diversity;
   - Respect and promote positive relationship across the boundaries;
   - Respect gender sensitivity;
   - Practice Good Governance.
   - Belief and confidence in the creative potentials of the people;
   - Proactive and pro-people approach of development
   - Maintain Cost effectiveness;
   - Promote professionalism;
   - Maintain Transparency and accountability;
   - Practice honesty and integrity;
   - Ensure peoples’ participation.
Commitment to attain professional excellence
Promoting pollution-free environment
Bottom-up and top-down accountability
Team work for building ownership

4. Core Competency

Dynamic Leadership
Professional staff
Total Quality Management
High Team Spirit
Active participation

5. Vision of the Organization

SAP-Bangladesh envisions a sustainable, empowered, and pluralistic Bangladesh where human rights are protected, poor lives in dignity, peace, and hope, and where everyone has access to health-care, education, and all necessary public services.

6. Mission Statement

SAP-Bangladesh believes in sustainable livelihoods development of the poor that can be achieved through long-term and holistic approaches of program implementations. Poverty reduction process can be enhanced through strengthening the capacity of local government and civil society organizations. SAP-Bangladesh strategically designs integrated programs to address the specific needs of the poor focusing remote, coastal, and other disadvantaged areas in Bangladesh taking into account the capabilities of the community people and associated stakeholders. SAP-Bangladesh focuses on the ‘right based’ as well as ‘service oriented’ approaches to development that enhance the ownership and responsibility among the program participants and lead to program sustainability. Organizational changes through new initiatives, innovations, and reviewing the programs are continuous process based on the past learning and upcoming opportunities.

7. Goal

Bring about sustainable socio-economic changes in the livelihoods of the disadvantaged group in Bangladesh by strengthening the capacity of community people and empowering the grassroots.

8. Objectives

Accelerate integrated self-reliant and long-term development programs in Bangladesh;
Advocacy towards raising voices of extreme poor, women, children, persons with disability, deprived, and marginalized group of people towards raising voices and establishing human rights;
Address the environmental issues in terms of climate change and global worming;
Educate and support the disadvantaged people for achieving their social, economic, and political rights;
Strengthen institutional capacities of the grassroots’ organizations and facilitate sustainable community development process;
Contribute to reducing mortality and morbidity rate and communicable diseases in Bangladesh;
Strengthen capacity building process of local NGOs for improvement of their quality and bringing them in the mainstream scenario of development.
9. Working Area of SAP-Bangladesh

SAP-Bangladesh as a national NGO has been permitted to work all over Bangladesh for the public causes and interests through registration under NGO Affairs Bureau, Department of Social Welfare, Society Act XXI of 1860 and Micro-Credit Regulatory Authority, Dhaka. Currently SAP-Bangladesh has a total of 43 offices including head office and training center in Dhaka, 8 Area Offices, 27 Branch Offices and 7 Project Offices in Bangladesh as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Name of Upazilas/area</th>
<th># of Unions/area</th>
<th>Offices</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dhaka</td>
<td>Dhaka City and Savar</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5 Offices (Head Office cum Training Center, and 1 Area Office and 4 Branch Offices)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manikganj</td>
<td>Singair</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1 Branch Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sirajganj</td>
<td>Sirajganj Sadar, Belkuchi, Chowhari, Ullapara, Shahjadpur, Rayganj, Kamarkhand</td>
<td>44 Unions</td>
<td>11 Offices (2 Area Offices, 9 Branch Offices)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patuakhali</td>
<td>Galachipa, Dashmina, Rangabali, and Patuakhali Sadar</td>
<td>45 Unions</td>
<td>16 Offices (2 Area Offices, 12 Branch Offices and 2 Project Offices)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barguna</td>
<td>Barguna Sadar, and Amtali</td>
<td>18 Unions</td>
<td>3 Offices (1 Area Office and 2 Project Offices)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bhola</td>
<td>Bhola Sadar</td>
<td>7 Unions</td>
<td>4 Offices (1 Area Office and 3 Project Offices)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bagerhat</td>
<td>Bagerhat Sadar</td>
<td>9 Unions</td>
<td>3 Offices (1 Area Office and 2 Branch Offices)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total: 7</td>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
<td>131</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Beneficiaries/Clients

Disadvantaged people in the country who are denied of their basic rights in Char, hilly and other plain areas, are the target beneficiaries of SAP- Bangladesh. Landless laborers, destitute women, small farmers, other professionals like weavers, black smiths, fishermen, rickshaw pullers, van pullers and small traders are also the target beneficiaries of SAP-BD. At present, SAP-BD is working directly with 390,359 people and indirectly with 611,197 people in Bangladesh.

11. Partnership, Participation and Equity

SAP-Bangladesh ensures that the extreme poor women and men in the community where it has programs are mobilized to actively engage in the process of community led development, defined by self determined needs and priorities.

The Union Parishads are supported to develop improved capacity, downwards accountability and responsiveness for engaging with, and meeting the development needs of the less fortunate in the community. SAP-Bangladesh has developed a number of instruments to effectively advance and empower women to participate in politics and the fight on Violence Against Women. There have been a great
awareness and advocacy programs by SAP-Bangladesh, and a contribution to promoting women’s inclusion at the decision-making level in government so that women can make a significant difference to their quality of life.

12. SAP-Bangladesh Program Interventions

12.1 Sustainable Livelihoods
SAP-Bangladesh Sustainable Livelihood programs aims at improving the availability and the economic access to food for the poor people through strengthening livelihoods, securing entitlements, and enhancing accountability to service providers. The main goal is to ensure that people are free from poverty and deprivation, living with dignity, and enjoying the peace and social justice.

12.2 Anti-terrorism
SAP-BD implements its program interventions ensuring social security by addressing the issues of anti-terrorism, women empowerment, violence against women and children, violence against women in politics, disaster prone communities, and inclusion of all people including marginalized communities, persons with disability and ethnic minorities.

As a humanitarian and development organization, SAP-BD has long-standing advocate of human rights and humanitarian law, and an advocate for resolving conflict through peaceful, non-violent means. SAP-BD condemns all forms of violence against civilians, including terrorism and is committed to taking all relevant measures to prevent the financing or support of terrorism or terrorist organizations. SAP-BD also has a duty to ensure its funds and resources are used for intended humanitarian and development purpose, along with a duty of care to respect, protect and fulfill the rights of the affected communities we seek to serve with the highest ethical standards in the implementation of our programs.

Furthermore, SAP-BD acknowledges that the consequences of becoming involved in terrorist financing, even indirectly or inadvertently, would irreparably damage our reputation, status and donor confidence.

The objective of this Policy is to ensure SAP-BD staff and partners strictly abide by all legal requirements pertaining to support of individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. In doing so, SAP-BD will ensure strict pro-active measures are undertaken to identify, mitigate, monitor, review and report risks, while also promoting a culture of accountability, transparency and due diligence that minimizes the risk that funds or resources managed by SAP-BD are misused to support the actions of individuals and organizations associated with terrorism.

In addition to these specific pro-active measures, SAP-BD also acknowledges the need to ensure the promotion and adherence to holistic best practice policy development and implementation to mitigate and respond to the risks posed by individuals and organizations associated with terrorism.

12.3 Disaster Preparedness, Mitigation, Response, Early Recovery, Rehabilitation, Climate Change Adaptation and DRR
As already mentioned, the organization is implementing its projects/programs in the cyclone and flood prone areas of Bangladesh, it is implementing Disaster Preparedness, Mitigation, Response, Early Recovery, Rehabilitation, Climate Change Adaptation and DRR activities through most of its projects/programs in its operational area. In times of emergencies especially during disasters when people are vulnerable, SAP-BD provides relief and rehabilitation services to those rural and coastal communities where SAP-BD has a strong presence and a fully developed local partnership network in Jamalpur, Sirajgonj, Gaibandha, Madaripur, Patuakhali, and Barguna Districts. The organization is also implementing disaster preparedness and DRR activities throughout the year in its operational area.

12.4 Quality Inclusive Education
Inclusive education in Bangladesh for children with special needs is not behind in other developed countries. Lack of resources is the main barrier in implementing inclusive education. Special education and integrated education models exist in Bangladesh. New initiatives need to undertake such as link programs between regular and special schools, dual placement provisions, development of special units in regular schools, initiation of model schools for others to follow and different education institutions and inter-agency collaboration to improve inclusive education practices. SAP-BD is implementing Quality Inclusive Education Projects in Barguna Sadar and Bhola Sadar Upazilas with a view to establish community based early learning opportunity for 3-5 year age children and to establish backward linkage of government primary school with early learning interventions.

12.5 Agriculture
SAP-Bangladesh has taken many initiatives on promoting regenerative agriculture, especially, household agricultural production; participatory planning & development of peoples organizations; study & research; monitoring & evaluation; promoting rights approach to development; networking, lobbying & advocacy etc. in its different projects areas since the inception though providing necessary inputs including seeds, sprinkler, compost fertilizer, initialization of technology, etc.

12.6 Human Rights
SAP-Bangladesh is active in promoting mass awareness and initiating forums, policy dialogues, research and publication, and training human rights issues at the local, national and regional level. The programs that are implemented to promote good governance, local governance and human rights are: South Asia Regional Initiative/Equity Support Program (SARI/Equity), Capacity Building for Gender Advocacy, Broad Based Coalition and Advocacy for Human Rights, Protecting Women Rights through Strengthening Local Government, etc.

12.7 Empowering Women and Gender Development
Women are exploited both socially and economically as they encounter all misgivings in the society, they are also biologically exploited. SAP-Bangladesh has advocacy and awareness programs that want all women to be democratic, and be part of the decision making process by advocating on issues that affect women. The organization wants a democratic, equitable, capable and poverty free women empowered society in Bangladesh and in the whole Asia region.

Gender development is incorporated into the Micro-Finance program, empowerment of women and adolescent girl’s project, violence against women in politics projects of SAP-Bangladesh.

12.8 Water Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH Plus)
SAP-Bangladesh implements its major development programs in the cyclone and flood prone areas of Bangladesh where Water, Sanitation and Hygiene are integrated as one of the major sectors. Due to lack of safe water, sanitation & hygiene facilities and practices, the people of the targeted areas always suffer from all types of water bond diseases like diarrhea, typhoid, dysentery, skin diseases etc. and in these causes, they lose money and man days. To address these problems, SAP-Bangladesh undertakes various activities in the operational area for improving facilities of safe water, sanitation and hygiene and improving the practices of the people such as Awareness on Water, Sanitation & Hygiene practices, Installation of Water Sealed Latrine, Tube-Well Installation and Platform Construction, PUR Materials Distribution etc.

12.9 Income Generating Activities (IGAs)
To increase food availability and purchasing power at homestead level, SAP-Bangladesh has been implementing different Income Generating Activities through forming Village Model Farm (VMF), establishing household garden, forming Ultra Poor (UP) Group in the project areas, cash for work activities, group marketing activities, etc.
12.10 Child Protection & Development

Children of disaster prone areas distort to a great extent during the natural disasters. This critical issue in terms of future cohort carefully observes by SAP-Bangladesh and initiates child centers in prior spots. At the same time, child protection and their development are cross cutting themes that SAP-Bangladesh incorporated into all of its programs.

12.11 Preventing Violence Against Women in Politics

In the South Asian region, women are holding key political positions, ranging from heads of state to key ministerial positions yet participation in political governance is still slow. Women are not recognized nor valued or given the required support, due to discrimination in the political culture of society in this region.

SAP-Bangladesh works at supporting the quest for women’s rights, and the vital role of women to receive greater training in the development of leadership skills. On the advocacy awareness program, the organization ensures that measures are necessary to ensure women’s participation in politics including lobbying for affirmative policies such as quotas.

The tradition of using violence to resolve issues is perceived as one of the key obstacles to women’s peace and security in the region. Instilling fear in women so as not to participate in the political process, has been an impediment to women taking full part in the democratic process.

SAP-Bangladesh advocates for women’s voices to be heard and wants concrete action to be taken that ensure women’s inclusion at the decision making level, in formal peace processes as this would make a significant difference to the quality of the life of the women.

12.12 Good Governance

SAP-Bangladesh is a Rights-Based organization that works to increase community participation in decision making by making communities more capable of identifying, communicating and demanding their rights through local government process and increasing the capacity of Union Parishads to manage basic service delivery in a more participatory, gender sensitive and accountable way and to promote community priorities to a higher-level decision makers.

12.13 Health and Nutrition

Health and Nutrition is the integral part of many projects/programs of SAP-Bangladesh. Malnutrition is a visual problem in the poor families in the target areas of SAP-Bangladesh. Especially, the pregnant and lactating women and children are the sufferer of malnutrition. SAP-Bangladesh is addressing this problem by implementing different food security programs in its working areas where the organization is implementing different activities such as awareness raising, improving practices of nutritional wellbeing, and distribution of rations to address the food crisis and malnutrition of the pregnant and lactating women and children of the poor and ultra poor families.

12.14 Institutional Capacity Building

The Institutional Capacity Building for Small Local NGOs started since the inception of SAP-Bangladesh. To enhance the knowledge and skills of small and local NGOs in Small Credit Management, Accounts Management, Gender Sensitivity, Advocacy and Human Rights, Project Design & Proposal Writing are the main objective of the program. .

12.15 Gender Rights and HIV/AIDS Awareness

Gender rights and HIV/AIDS are cross cutting themes that SAP-Bangladesh incorporates into all its programs, and supports a national process for formulating and implementing effective poverty focused development strategy. This is evident, as SAP-Bangladesh has been leading in policy dialogue on
12.16 Micro Finance
SAP-Bangladesh works at helping to eradicate extreme poverty in the remote and rural coastal areas by helping the disenfranchised people, particularly women, empowering them to become economically self-reliant by providing them with the necessary credit funds to establish their own business.

The role of Micro-Finance in the organization has been addressing the income poverty, through empowerment of the poor, this program has been expanded to other parts of the country. Since the start up of this program SAP-Bangladesh has seen the program strengthened and running smoothly with a goal of seeing it to greater sustainability in the future.

12.17 Training and Facilities Program
SAP-Bangladesh has its own training facility as well as a boarding house for accommodating the participants on training, if they need the said boarding facilities. The trainings outlined offer various courses which are run by experts on the courses offered. The capacity building training has seen the organization being in the forefront in strengthening institution through capacity building in the eradication of poverty.

SAP-Bangladesh has many fully developed training programs that can be taught by SAP-Bangladesh trainers. Programs currently available are: Good Governance, Human Rights, Women and Child Rights, Gender Equality, Small Arms, Training of Trainers – Basics, Training of Trainers on Advocacy, Organizational Management, etc.

12.18 SAP-Bangladesh Partnership Network in Bangladesh
SAP-Bangladesh has developed partnerships and a network of CBOs, Civil Society groups, individual activities and locally elected government representatives, located throughout the country, to help it implement complex, integrated community-based programs as well as to deliver regional and national advocacy campaigns. SAP-Bangladesh takes a leadership role in many advocacy initiatives in the struggle to correct injustices perpetrated against women, children, the poor and the most vulnerable groups.

SAP-Bangladesh is also an active network member of Right to Food Bangladesh (RFB), Governance Advocacy Forum-GAF, CIDV Bangladesh, WE CAN Alliance to End Domestic Violence in Bangladesh, Society for Participatory Education and Development (SPED), Campaign for Popular Education (CAMPE), Credit Development Forum (CDF), Education Cluster Bangladesh, INAFI Asia and Bangladesh and Kannya Shisu Advocacy Forum, etc.

13. Governance of SAP-BD
SAP-BD has a General Body to exercise supreme authority in running the organization. The General Body is comprised of 15 (fifteen) members from among the civil society members, development activists and entrepreneurs of which one third is female members.

The organization has a Board of Directors to manage the affairs of the organization. The Board of Directors is responsible to determine the direction and scope of the activities of the organization as well as to approve the appointment of the Executive Director. It has also the responsibility to approve projects. The Board of Directors exercises financial control of the organization. The Board of Directors consist of 9 (nine) members including at least 2 (two) female members. The General Body members of the organization elect the Board of Directors in the annual general meeting from among the General Body members. No paid official or employee of the organization shall be a member of the Board of Directors. The Executive Director by position is the Secretary of the Board of Directors. S/he is not member of the General Body and Board of Directors, and has no voting power. The members of the Board of Directors elect three office-bearers one Chairperson, one Vice-Chairperson and one Treasurer from among themselves.
The Board of Directors holds regular meetings to decide the policies of the organization. The management and execution of policies and programs of the organization vested on the Executive Director. S/he is authorized to sign agreement with any party for the purpose of official business including project related funding agreements with donors, loan agreement with banks and other non-banking financial institutions for taking loan, lease agreement, etc. The Executive Director is responsible to the Board of Directors for all his/her actions. In case of resignation, separation and death of the Executive Director, the Board of Directors will initiate action as required. The Board of Directors holds at least one regular meeting in each quarter of a financial year.

13.1 List of the members of the Board of Directors (BoD) of SAP-BD:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SN</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Nasir Uddin</td>
<td>Chairperson</td>
<td>Director, Applatian Sleep Disorders Center. Former Executive Director of Voluntary Health Services Society (VHSS), Director of Save the Children (UK), Advisor National TB, and Country Director of Project Hope.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Muhammed Kamal Uddin</td>
<td>Vice-Chairperson</td>
<td>Coordinator/Chief Executive, Association for Realization of Basic Needs (ARBAN).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Abdul Karim</td>
<td>Treasurer</td>
<td>Retired Secretary of Government of Bangladesh and former Managing Director of MIDAS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Monsur Ahmed Chowdhury</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>Founder Trustee, Impact Foundation Bangladesh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Aroma Dutta</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>Advisor, PRIP Trust, and Member of present (11th) Parliament of Bangladesh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Prof. Dr. Nazmul Ahsan Kalimullah</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>Vice-Chancellor of Begum Rokeya University, Rangpur. Former Pro-Vice Chancellor of Bangladesh University of Professionals (BUP), Senate, Syndicate and Academic Council Member of BUP, and Grade-I Professor of Public Administration of Dhaka University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Abdul Majid Mallik</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>Freelance Consultant and retired Program Director of Caritas International Bangladesh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Md. Jahurul Islam</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>Executive Director, Bangla-German Sampreeti (BGS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Fayzun Nessa</td>
<td>Member</td>
<td>Free-lance Consultant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13.2 Photographs of the members of the Board of Directors (BoD) of SAP-BD

Nasir Uddin
Chairperson

Muhammed Kamal Uddin
Vice-Chairperson

Abdul Karim
Treasurer

Monsur Ahmed Chowdhury, Member

Prof. Dr. Nazmul Ahsan Kalimullah, Member

Abdul Majid Mallik
Member

Aroma Dutta
Member

Md. Jahurul Islam
Member

Fayzun Nessa
Member

Md. Delwar Hossain
Executive Director & Secretary
13.3 Members of the Board of Directors of SAP-BD since its inception on 29 March 1984 to date

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SN</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>SN</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Dr. Mahmuda Islam</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Dr. Nasir Uddin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sigma Huda</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>M.A. Zaman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sir Fazle Hasan Abed*</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>Asrukana Das *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Mohammad Ataur Rahman*</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>Harun-Ur-Rashid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Rahat Uddin Ahmed</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Shaikh A. Halim *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Quazi Faruque Ahmed</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Taleya Rehman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Muhammed Kamal Uddin</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>Emranul Huq Chowdhury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Syed Abdul Latif Dewan</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>Professor Dr. Nazmul Ahsan Kalimullah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Mohammad Mozammel Haque</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Abdul Majid Mallik</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Dr. Qazi Kholiquzzaman Ahmed</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>Dr. Milon Bikash Paul *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Dr. Hameeda Hossain</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Sukhendra Kumar Sakar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Salma Khan</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>Abdul Karim</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Quazi Faruque Ahmed</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Dr. Nazmunnesa Mahtab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Dr. Salehuddin Ahmed</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>Parveen Mahmud</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Jeffrey S. Pereira</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>Sheepa Hafiza</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Taherunnessa Abdullah</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Monsur Ahmed Chowdhury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Shireen S. Mainuddin</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>Aroma Dutta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Mashuda Shafali</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>Jahurul Islam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>S.M.A. Rashid</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Fayzun Nessa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Expired

13.4 Executive Directors of SAP-BD since its inception on 29 March 1984 to date

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mohammed Mozammel Haque</td>
<td>29 March 1984 to 31 August 1987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Syed Nurul Alam</td>
<td>01 September 1987 to 01 April 2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abdul Karim **</td>
<td>02 April 2016 to 19 July 2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Md. Delwar Hossain</td>
<td>20 July 2016 to .......................</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Acting Executive Director
14. SAP-Bangladesh Management

Executive Team:
SAP-Bangladesh team is lead by the Executive Director with a team of 7 professional and experienced staff as follows who work collectively to plan on scheduled implementation and management activities. The Executive Director of SAP-Bangladesh is responsible for implementing the strategic decisions and policies that has been decided by the Board of Directors.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Designation</th>
<th>Education</th>
<th>Experience</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Md. Delwar Hossain</td>
<td>Executive Director</td>
<td>Masters of Social Science (MSS) in Social Welfare, and Diploma in Civil Engineering</td>
<td>35 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mohammed Hossain</td>
<td>Director-Program</td>
<td>MA, B.Ed (CU), MIIM (USA), PGD in NLM (USA)</td>
<td>32 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mohammad Nur-e-Alam</td>
<td>Deputy Director-Finance &amp; Accounts</td>
<td>M.Com., MBA, CA (CC), ITP</td>
<td>19 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. K. M. Reazuddin</td>
<td>Assistant Director-HR, Trg. &amp; Admin</td>
<td>M.Com. (Management)</td>
<td>23 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mohammad Bashir Uddin Molla</td>
<td>Program Manager, Micro Finance Program</td>
<td>Masters of Social Science</td>
<td>22 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muhammad Kairul Islam</td>
<td>Manager-Audit</td>
<td>M.Com. (Management)</td>
<td>19 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nahida Akter</td>
<td>Assistant HR Officer</td>
<td>Masters in Accounting</td>
<td>9 Years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15. Legal Status of the Organization:
South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh is a non-government national NGO registered and affiliated with the following agencies. It has been permitted to work all over Bangladesh for the public causes and interests.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Registering Authority</th>
<th>Registration Number</th>
<th>Registration Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NGO Affairs Bureau</td>
<td>156</td>
<td>29.03.1984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Societies Act. XXI of 1860</td>
<td>S-3177(142)/2003</td>
<td>03.06.2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Micro-Credit Regulatory Authority, Dhaka</td>
<td>00452-03124-00302</td>
<td>20.07.2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Board of Revenue (NBR)</td>
<td>TIN # 331033761232/circle-101 (Companies, Dhaka)</td>
<td>04.02.2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAT Registering Authority, Mohammadpur, Dhaka</td>
<td>17081033164</td>
<td>07.07.2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EuropeAid ID (PADOR Registration)</td>
<td>BD-2009-GPW-0802123635</td>
<td>20.11.2014</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. Running projects/ programs of SAP-Bangladesh:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SN</th>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Goal and activities</th>
<th>Working Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td><strong>Title:</strong> Micro Finance Program <strong>Client:</strong> Self Fund, PKSF, Anukul Foundation and Mutual Trust Bank Limited</td>
<td>Goal: Poverty alleviation and ensure socio economic development of disadvantages people especially women. Activities: Poverty</td>
<td>Galachipa, Dashmina, Patuakhali Sadar, and Rangabali Upazilas of Potuakhali</td>
<td>February 01, 1987 and ongoing</td>
<td>938,777,899</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SN</td>
<td>Project title and client</td>
<td>Goal and activities</td>
<td>Working Area</td>
<td>Period</td>
<td>Order value in BDT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>alleviation and ensure socio-economic development of disadvantages people especially women, provide better financial services for the poor, provide Micro-credit support to beneficiaries for self-employment and enterprise development, promote community organizations of poor women for self-help and sustainable development, eliminate poverty among hardcore poor and poor people once and forever, develop social awareness &amp; leadership among beneficiaries through weekly meeting, and Develop and adopt a savings utilization policy ensuring maximum benefit of the target beneficiaries.</td>
<td>district, Amtali Upazila of Barguna District, Bagherhat Sadar and Fakirhat Upazilas of Bagherhat district, Sirajgonj Sadar, Sirajganj Sadar, Belkuchi, Ullapara, Shajadpur, Kamarkhand, Rayganj and Chouhali Upazilas of Sirajgonj district, Mohammadpur, Adabar, Kafrul, Pallabi, Mirpur and Agargaon of Dhaka City</td>
<td>July 03, 2010 and on going</td>
<td>27,240,677</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. **Title:** Enhancing Resources and Increasing Capability of Poor Household Towards Elimination of their poverty (ENRICH) Project  
**Client:** PKSF  
**Goal:** To ensure human dignity and freedom by gradually reducing poverty in a sustainable manner and best possible utilization of available resources and capabilities of the poor.  
**Activities:** Health care through static clinic, satellite clinic and health camp, participation in NID, education by establishing education centre (EC), distribution of school materials, livelihoods development, Water & Sanitation, bandhu chula.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SN</th>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Goal and activities</th>
<th>Working Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 3. | Title: Socio Economic Uplifting of the Poor People (SEUPP) Project  
Client: Hope International Development Agency (HIDA), Canada | Goal: Socio economic uplifting of the poor people by undertaking IGAs through micro finance support.  
Activities: Microfinance support to the poor people, capacity building of the poor people for undertaking and managing IGAs, and upgrading quality of livelihoods of the poor people. | 5 Unions of Ullapara and 6 Unions of Shahjadpur Upazilas of Sirajganj District | July 01, 2013 and ongoing | 8,361,294 |
| 4. | Title: Quality Inclusive Education and Skill Development Program in Barguna  
Client: Plan International Bangladesh | Quality inclusive education to the poor and disadvantaged children through skill development of the teachers. | 8 Unions under Barguna Sadar Upazila of Barguna District and 3 Unions of Bhola Sadar Upazila | July 2015 and ongoing | 15,973,460 |
| 5. | Title: Quality Inclusive Education and Skill Development Program in Bhola Sadar Upazila  
Client: Plan International Bangladesh | Ensure quality inclusive education to the poor and vulnerable children | 5 Unions of Bhola Sadar Upazila | August 2016 and ongoing | 11,507,660 |
| 6. | Title: Enhancing Local and National Humanitarian Actors (ELNHA)  
Client: Oxfam through CODEC | To improve capacity of local and national humanitarian actors of Barguna by the year 2018 | Barguna Sadar Upazila of Barguna District | May 01, 2017 to December 31, 2017 | 503,017 |
| 7. | Title: Community Led Strengthening Health Services Project in Bhola Sadar Upazila  
Client: Plan International Bangladesh | Children are better protected from all forms of violence including child marriage through effective community based child protection mechanisms. | 6 Unions under Bhola Sadar Upazila of Bhola District | Sep. 01, 2017 to June 30, 2018 | 3,661,653 |
<p>| 8. | Title: Child Rights | 570,000 children, young | 7 Unions under | Sep. 01, | 5,462,778 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SN</th>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Goal and activities</th>
<th>Working Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&amp; Protection Project in Bhola Sadar Upazila</td>
<td>people and mothers including the most vulnerable, benefit from access to appropriate quality health services to strengthening govt. health system and comprehensive child upbringing and sexuality education in the districts.</td>
<td>Bhola Sadar Upazila of Bhola District</td>
<td>2017 to June 30, 2018</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Title: Livelihood Development Program for the Elderly People</td>
<td>All the persons of age 60 and above of Panpatti Union will enjoy secured and dignified life.</td>
<td>Panpatti Union under Galachipa Upazila of Patuakhali District</td>
<td>July 2018 and on going</td>
<td>1,657,120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Title: Gender Transformative Early Childhood Development (GeTECD) Project in Barguna Sadar Upazila</td>
<td>All children under eight years - especially girls - develop to their full potential, free from discriminatory and limiting attitudes, practices and expectations based on gender, ability and other identities.</td>
<td>Barguna Sadar Upazila of Barguna District</td>
<td>October 01, 2019 to June 30, 2021</td>
<td>7,873,956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong> 1,021,019,514</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

17. Major projects/ programs closed so far:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title: Creating an enabling environment for young people to claim and access their Sexual and Reproductive Health Rights (SRHR) in Bangladesh</td>
<td><strong>Goal:</strong> To improve sexual and reproductive health status of all young people specially those who are marginalized and comes from hard to reach areas through ensuring universal access to SRH services and information. <strong>Activities:</strong> Awareness of Adolescents on sexual and reproductive health and services available, and much awareness through different activities such as Theater for 10 Unuions Barguna Sadar and 7 Unions Amtali Upazilas of Barguna District</td>
<td>10 Unuions Barguna Sadar and 7 Unions Amtali Upazilas of Barguna District</td>
<td>January 01, 2015 to June 30, 2019</td>
<td>131,448,742</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project title and client</td>
<td>Focus / scope of tasks</td>
<td>Region/Area</td>
<td>Period</td>
<td>Order value in BDT</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title:</strong> Ensuring Sustainable Livelihoods of Smallholder Farmers Through Beef &amp; Dairy Value Chain Enterprises (ESL) Project. &lt;br&gt;<strong>Client:</strong> Heifer International Bangladesh</td>
<td>Development (TfD), BCC Sessions, gender and women empowerment, School Teachers Training, learning sharing through Peer Educators (PEs) and Co Peer Educators (CPEs), training to the for Pes and CPEs on Basic, Leadership and Life Skills Training, Folk song on SRH and social issues, Develop Loko Betar Program and Broadcasting, Video Show at the community level on SRH and social issues, Develop IEC materials, formation/reformation of youth clubs and training on Youth Friendly Health Service with Govt and NGO staff, orientation for new couples, advocacy meeting with media people, quarterly coordination meeting with local GoB officials, Health Fairs at Union level, National and International Day Observation.</td>
<td>Bhangabari Union under Belkuchi Upazila of Sirajganj District</td>
<td>August 12, 2014 to June 30, 2018</td>
<td>45,042,485</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title:</strong> Transformation of Extreme Poor (TEP) Project &lt;br&gt;<strong>Client:</strong> HOPE International Development Agency (HIDA), Canada</td>
<td><strong>Goal:</strong> Reduction of extreme poverty and promote sustainable livelihood and ensure food security through empowerment of Extreme Poor (EP) in the targeted area. &lt;br&gt;<strong>Activities:</strong> Training and Capacity Building for BHHs, Weekly Cash Transfers</td>
<td>Charmontaj Union under Rangabali Upazila of Patuakhali District</td>
<td>March 01, 2015 to February 28, 2018</td>
<td>17,674,516</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project title and client</td>
<td>Focus / scope of tasks</td>
<td>Region/Area</td>
<td>Period</td>
<td>Order value in BDT</td>
</tr>
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<td>-------------------------</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Title:** Community Led Health Project, Phase-II (CLHP, Phase-II)  
**Client:** Hope International Development Agency (HIDA) | Subsistence to BHHs, and Transfer of Productive Assets to BHHs | Charnantaz and Rangabali Unions of Rangabali Upazila under Patuakhali district. | March 01, 2015 to February 28, 2018 | 12,029,872 |
| **Goal:** Attaining improved and effective Community–led health services targeting to the poor women and children and adolescent in Galachipa Sadar Union of Galachipa Upazila, Charmontaj & Rangabali Unions of Rangabali Upazila under Patuakhali district.  
**Activities:** Preventative and curative health care; and Capacity Building of staff, Community Health Workers (CHWs) and Community Birth Attendants (CBAs) | | | |
| **Goal:** To bring the disadvantaged peoples out of the poverty clutches through promoting quality education and ensuring their access to government services entitlement & other local resources and creating risk friendly environment.  
**Activities:** Strengthening SMC-PTA Forum, Developing people's Plan of Action, Community Audit of Education Intervention, Mainstreaming good Practices, Access of Children with disability in the formal primary schools, Disaster Risk Reduction and Education, Corporate Social Responsibilities, Initiative on Functional and responsive URC, Monitoring Birth Registration, Reflect Circle, Promoting Rights in School, Education Financing, Sensitizing Children on | 2 Unions under Sirajganj Sadar and 2 Unions under Chowhali Upazilas of Sirajganj District | July 01, 2006 to December 31, 2016 | 46,382,715 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Title:** Promoting Rights for Char Dwellers (PRCD) Project (LRP-40)  
**Client:** ActionAid, Bangladesh | HIV/AIDS, Advocacy on Sustainability of Local Loom, Women’s Right & Gender equality, Fundraising Cost (Sponsorship)  
**Goal:** Promoting sustainable development and enhancing disaster resilience for the poor and marginalized Char communities through realization of rights.  
**Activities:** Education Service, Child Centre Child rights promotion and resource center, Promoting Rights in School, Education Financing, Promote risks resilient schools, Strengthening SMC/PTA Forum, Promotion of Inclusive education (Children with special need), Women's Rights and Gender Equality, and Strengthening people’s agency and social movements for democratic governance. | Char Kajol and Char Biswas Unions of Galachipa Upazila under Patuakhali District | January 01, 2011 to December 31, 2016 | 28,650,411 |
| **Title:** Child Centered Recovery and Resiliency (C2R2) Project  
**Client:** Plan International Bangladesh | To contribute to the reduction of the vulnerabilities of school going boys and girls in high risk cyclone prone communities of Naltona Union under Barguna Sadar Upazila, Barguna district.  
**Activities:** Safety assessment, school based DRR, small scale mitigation activities, ensure accessibility of children and PWDs, ensure disaster resilient WASH facilities, and ensure child led climate smart adaptation measures in the schools (i.e. tree plantation, solar panels, school gardens, etc.). | Naltona Union of Barguna Sadar Upazila under Barguna District | December 08, 2014 to November 2016 | 29,007,427 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Title**: Bangladesh Flood Disaster Project  
**Donor**: Heifer International Bangladesh | **Goal**: Contribute to reduce sufferings of the flood affected poor and vulnerable people  
**Activities**: Restoration of sanitation, drinking water facilities and livestock. | Belkuchi Upazila of Sirajganj District | September 15, 2016 to December 31, 2016 | 1,310,950 |
| **Title**: Enhancing inclusive disaster resilience in Bangladesh (DIPECHO-VIII) Project  
**Client**: Plan International Bangladesh | **Goal**: To enhance the resilience of most at risk groups to the recurring and escalating disaster risks by advancing the DRR institutionalization process in Bangladesh.  
**Activities**: Promote inclusive DRR approach in schools through implementation of School Based Disaster Preparedness (SBDP) institutionalisation model, support to facilitate in developing school based DRR plan and risk assessment (Co financing activity), Support to education department for incorporating school based RRAPs in community RRAPs to reduction of Disaster risk as whole, raise awareness and promoting contingency plan preparation at Schools | 10 Unions and 1 Municipality of Barguna Sadar Upazila of Barguna District | June 01, 2015 to October 31, 2016 | 5,270,130 |
| **Title**: Emergency Response to Cyclone Roanu Affected Communities in Borhanuddin and Lalmohan Upazilas of Bhola District  
**Donor**: Plan International | **Goal**: Reduced vulnerability of crisis-affected people, especially women and children  
**Activities**: Disinfect cyclone affected tube wells and test water quality, repair of cyclone affected tube wells | Borhanuddin and Lalmohan Upazilas of Bhola District | June 01, 2016 to September 30, 2016 | 17,382,345 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh and household latrines, distribution of hygiene kits to affected families and hygiene education through community mobilization.</td>
<td>Betkapa, Monohorpur and Kishoregari Unions of Palashbari Upazila under Gaibandha District.</td>
<td>January 01, 2012 to August 16, 2016</td>
<td>60,326,319</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Title: Social and Economic Transformation of the Ultra-Poor (SETU-II) Project  
**Client:** CARE-Bangladesh | **Goal:** Government of Bangladesh MDG target 1 and 21 on income poverty reduction and hunger achieved by 2015.  
**Activities:** Integrated development activities such as livelihoods, community development, employment generation, access to resources etc. | 4 Unions of Galachipa Upazila under Patuakhali District. | April 15, 2013 to March 31, 2016 | 44,728,333 |
| Title: Addressing Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene in Southwestern Bangladesh (WASHplus) Project  
**Client:** WaterAid Bangladesh | **Goal:** Contribute to the improvement of human well-being and dignity through scalable water supply, sanitation and hygiene promotion in Galachipa upazilla of Patuakhally District of South-Western Bangladesh.  
**Activities:** Water supply, Sanitation and Hand washing, Raise awareness and building capacity of communities and local partners, Strengthen Capacity of Local Government, Advocacy, and Strengthen the evidence base and programming guidance for essentials nutrition action. | 10 union and one Municipality of Barguna Sadar Upzila under Barguna District | January 01, 2013 to December 31, 2015 | 14,667,803 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Title:** Participatory Learning Improvement Project (PLIP)  
**Client:** Plan International Bangladesh | communities on disaster risk and climate changes, so that they can facilitate the child centred DRR & CCA process; Develop and implement locally appropriate climate smart solutions on disaster preparedness and risk reduction; Advocate for the inclusion of good practices and learning from the program approach in local, district and/or national government and regional processes; Child Centered Climate Change Adaptation 4CA, and School Safety Plan. | 7 unions of Barguna Sadar Upzila of Barguna District | July 01, 2012 to June 30, 2015 | 17,967,369 |
| **Title:** Community Led Health Project (CLHP-I)  
**Client:** Hope International Development Agency (HIDA) | Attaining improved and effective Community-led health services targeting poor women and children and adolescent in Galachipa Sadar Union of Galachipa Upazila, Charmontaj & Rangabali Unions of Charnantaz, Rangabali and Galacipa Unions of Galachipa Upazila under Patuakhali | Charnantaz, Rangabali and Galacipa Unions of Galachipa Upazila under Patuakhali | March 01, 2012 to February 28, 2015 | 47,565,000 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rangabali Upazila under Patuakhali district. <strong>Activities:</strong> Preventative and curative health care; and Capacity Building of staff, Community Health Workers (CHWs) and Community Birth Attendants (CBAs)</td>
<td>District</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Project Title:** Nobo Jibon  
**Client:** Save the Children Bangladesh | **Goal:** To reduce food insecurity and vulnerability for 191,000 households in nine Upazilas of Barisal division in southern Bangladesh over five years  
**Activities:** Mother and Child Health and Nutrition (MCHN); Market-based Production and Income Generation; Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR). | Galachipa and Rangabali Upazilas of Patuakhali District, and Barguna Sadar and Patharghata Upazilas of Barguna District | October 07, 2010 to February 28, 2015 | 271,061,799 |
| **Title:** Adolescent Sexual Reproductive & Health Rights Project (ASRHRP)  
**Client:** Plan-Bangladesh | - Adolescent group formation  
- Behavior change communication session  
- Adolescent support group formation and meeting  
- Advocacy at local level  
- Life skill training  
- Day observance | Barguna (6 Unions and Pourashava Sadar Upazila) | 2012-2013 | 27,600,390 |
| **Title:** Education & Health Program for Disadvantage Children in Bangladesh  
**Client:** Hope International Development Agency (HIDA), Canada | General education to improve the quality of life of disadvantage children. | Jessore (Pourashava) | 2013-2014 | 975,000 |
| **Title:** To Enable Tropical Storm Mahasen affected households to reduce food insecurity and restore livelihoods  
**Client:** Plan International Bangladesh | Cash for Work, Cash for Livelihoods and Training, and Vegetable seeds distribution | Barguna Sadar Upazila of Barguna District | September 15, 2013 to March 14, 2014 | 37,204,492 |
<p>| <strong>Title:</strong> Education Focused | Construction of Cyclone | Barguna | July- | 2,273,371 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Recovery Project</td>
<td>Mahasen Affected School Building (Chalitatali High School in Barguna Sadar Upazila)</td>
<td>Sadar Upazila of Barguna District</td>
<td>November 2013</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Client: Plan International Bangladesh</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title: Emergency Response to Rebuilding Damaged Houses of Sponsor Children’s Family due to Tropical Cyclone Mahasen</td>
<td>Rebuilding of 58 Damaged Houses of Sponsor Children’s Family.</td>
<td>Char biswas and Charkajal Unions of Galachipa Upazila</td>
<td>May 27 to August 07, 2013</td>
<td>2,118,274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Client: Action Aid Bangladesh</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title: Early Childhood Care and Development (ECCD) in disaster prone area</td>
<td>Parenting, child organization development, pre-schooling, and local authority development</td>
<td>Barguna Sadar Upazila and Pourashava</td>
<td>2010-2012</td>
<td>63,534,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Client: Plan International Bangladesh</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Title: Protecting Human Rights Program (PHRP) | - Advocacy meeting at different level  
- Day observance  
- Legal and financial support to the victims of violence  
- Skill training to the survivors of violence | 5 unions of Barguna Sadar Upazila | 2012-2014 | 1,795,172 |
| Client: Plan-Bangladesh | | | | |
| Title: Social and Economic Transformation of the Ultra-poor (SETU-I) Project | Goal: Over 1000000 people in rural and urban areas have lifted themselves out of extreme poverty by 2015  
Activities: Integrated development activities such as livelihoods, community development, employment generation, access to resources etc. | Betkapa, Monohorpur and Kishoregari Unions of Polashbari Upazila under Gaibandha District | March 01, 2009 to February 28, 2012 | 31,762,929 |
<p>| Client: CARE-Bangladesh | | | | |
| Title: Building pro-poor, Inclusive and Gender Sensitive Local Governance (EU Local Governance) project in Gaibandha and Lalmonirhat Districts | Facilitation UP self-assessment, mapping of local level civil society, coordination and linkage workshop, promotion of joint learning, | Gaibandha and Lalmonirhat Districts | 2009-2012 | 18,822,739 |
| Client: CARE-Bangladesh | | | | |
| Title: A Disaster Resilient Future: Mobilizing | - Community mobilization and awareness raising | Barguna Sadar | 2011-2012 | 15,739,276 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Communities and Institutions for Effective Risk Reduction (CCDRR) Project**  
Client: Plan International Bangladesh | - Standardization existing tool kits and training tools  
- Capacity building of DMC, SMC, CBO  
- Facilitation of Risk Assessment Process. | Upazila | | |
| **Title:** Remote Island Development Project (RIDP)  
Client: ActionAid Bangladesh | Quality education, livelihoods security and risk reduction, women’s rights and gender equality, sponsorship communication, | Patuakhali | 1988-2010 | 35,044,790 |
| **Title:** Participatory Actions towards Resilient School & Education System (PARSES-II) Project  
Client: ActionAid Bangladesh | Make safer schools, participatory vulnerability analysis, schools based action plan on disaster risk reduction, etc | Patuakhali (Galachipa and Dasmina Upazilas) | 2011-2012 | 3,522,180 |
| **Title:** Empowerment of Adolescent Girls (EAG) project.  
Client: Leger Foundation | Assess the situation/existing condition of adolescent girls and their involvement on agriculture, education and primary health care, assess the local service providers service quality on health, education and agriculture | Rajshahi, Pabna, Joypurhat and Dinajpur | 2011-2012 | 8,155,069 |
| **Project Title:** Cost of Violence Against Women (COVAW) Project  
Client: CARE- Bangladesh | - Increase understanding of gender norms, practices and behavior regarding marriage that contributes to VAW.  
- Tools determining social and economic cost of VAW developed tested and disseminated.  
- Behavior change communication campaign preventing VAW developed and implemented.  
- Social and economic cost of VAW influence: national budget, PRSP and implementation of proposed domestic violence bill. | Sirajganj, Chittagong, Rajshahi, Patuakhali and Dhaka | February – August 2011 | 518,800 |
<p>| <strong>Title:</strong> Engendering Democratic Governance (EDG) Project | Monitor, assess and analyze the violence against women in politics, barriers of | Dhaka, Rajshahi, Sirajganj, | 2009-2011 | 4,550,000 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Client:</strong> SAP-International</td>
<td>women’s participation in politics, lobby and advocacy with the government agencies and political parties in eliminating the violence against women.</td>
<td>Chittagong and Patuakhali.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Title:** Prantic Manusher Sanghati (PMS) Project  
**Client:** ActionAid Bangladesh | - Formation of self help group  
- UP committee for advocacy with local administration  
- Meeting of self help groups  
- Training to the UP committee and self help group  
- Gono Gobeshona Group formation  
- Research on social safety-net program  
- Day observance  
- Campaign and lobbying | Charkajal and charbiswas Unions of Galachipa Upazila | 2011 | 66,720 |
| **Title:** Reconstruction, Economic Development And Livelihoods (REAL) Project  
**Client:** HKI | Seed distribution, homestead gardening, employment generation, capacity building of the participants. | Patuakhali | 2008-2010 | 27,563,620 |
| **Title:** Empowerment of Women and Adolescent Girls (EWAG) project.  
**Client:** Leger Foundation, Canada | Assess the situation/ existing condition of women and adolescent girls and their involvement on agriculture, education and primary health care, assess the local service providers service quality on health, education and agriculture | Patuakhali, Bogra | 2008-2011 | 18,496,000 |
| **Title:** Education in Emergencies: Strengthening Preparedness and Response Capacity in Flood and Cyclone Prone Areas in Bangladesh  
**Client:** SC-UK | Make safer schools, disaster risk reduction through schools, make schools resilient to disaster, Participatory vulnerability analysis, schools based contingency plan, etc | Patuakhali | 2009-2010 | 5,750,830 |
<p>| <strong>Title:</strong> Participatory Actions towards Resilient School &amp; Education System (PARSES) | Make safer schools, participatory vulnerability analysis, schools based action plan on disaster risk | Patuakhali | 2009-2010 | 4,242,780 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Client: ActionAid Bangladesh</td>
<td>reduction, etc</td>
<td>Sirajganj Sadar Upazila</td>
<td>2010-2011</td>
<td>317,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title:</strong> Creating Bright Future for Women <strong>Client:</strong> Christmas Future</td>
<td>Non-Formal Primary Education (NFPE), Day observance, Institutional Capacity Building Training, Legal Rights Training, Child and Women Rights Training, Capacity Building of UP Women Members, and Homestead Gardening Training.</td>
<td>Patuakhali</td>
<td>2006-2010</td>
<td>750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title:</strong> Strengthening Communities Rights and Empowerment (SCORE) Project <strong>Client:</strong> VSO-Bangladesh</td>
<td>Capacity building of PNGOs and LGI representatives.</td>
<td>Patuakhali</td>
<td>2009-2010</td>
<td>4,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title:</strong> Building Community Resilience to Natural disasters (BCRND) <strong>Client:</strong> ActionAid Bangladesh</td>
<td>Construction of School cum cyclone shelter, PVA with students, teachers, SMC members and parents, demonstration of six monthly disaster drill, sensitizing students, teachers and SMC members on the early warning and cyclone signaling system.</td>
<td>Patuakhali (Galachipa Upazila)</td>
<td>2005-2010</td>
<td>4,382,890</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title:</strong> Jibon O Jibika Program (WatSan component, SO-2) <strong>Client:</strong> NGO Forum</td>
<td>Improve access to safe water and sanitation facilities through the behavioral change activities at the Char areas of the country.</td>
<td>Patuakhali</td>
<td>2006-2010</td>
<td>101,557,087</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title:</strong> Strengthening Household’s Ability to Respond to Development Opportunities (SHOUHARDO) program in Jamalpur District <strong>Client:</strong> CARE-Bangladesh</td>
<td>Food security of the poor and marginalized people Livelihoods enhancement, securing entitlements and enhancing accountability of service providers, health and nutrition, women empowerment, and humanitarian assistance.</td>
<td>Jamalpur</td>
<td>2008-2010</td>
<td>20,702,722</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title:</strong> Back to School Project in Barguna District <strong>Client:</strong> Plan International Bangladesh</td>
<td>Psychosocial support to the disaster affected children, ensuring pre-school education for the poor and marginalized children, development of local resources and training to the</td>
<td>Barguna</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project title and client</td>
<td>Focus / scope of tasks</td>
<td>Region/Area</td>
<td>Period</td>
<td>Order value in BDT</td>
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<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Title:** Homestead Food Production Project (HFPP)  
**Client:** HKI                                                                         | Agricultural development through extension work, model farming, homestead gardening, poultry rearing, IGA planning and management training. | Patuakhali  | 2007-2009    |                   |
| **Title:** AILA affected schools restoration project  
**Client:** ActionAid Bangladesh                                                           | Renovation and restoration of AILA affected schools                                     | Patuakhali  | 2009-2010    | 10,222,978        |
| **Title:** Construction of Cyclone Shelter cum School in the coastal area after AILA 2009 (BCRND)  
**Client:** ActionAid Bangladesh                                                           | Construction of Cyclone Shelter cum School                                              | Patuakhali  | 2008-2009    |                   |
| **Title:** Emergency/ Livelihoods Recovery Project  
**Client:** HKI                                                                            | Livelihoods recovery, CFW, agriculture recovery, Pond Fish Cultivation.                 | Patuakhali  | 2008-2009    | 41,658,800        |
| **Title:** Disaster Risk Reduction through Schools (DRRS) Project.  
**Client:** ActionAid Bangladesh                                                           | Exploring the nature of community vulnerability, construct safer school building, aware students on climate change, identify status of supplementary education materials for disaster preparedness and scopes. | Patuakhali  | 2006-2009    | 3,758,259         |
| **Title:** Long-Term Development Program (LTDP)  
Client: Leger Foundation and CLWR- Canada                                                   | Training and advocacy; Education; Health and sanitation; Agriculture; Micro credit and Capacity building | Shariatpur, Gopalganj, Madaripur, Pabna, Sirajganj, Kurigram and Dinajpur Districts     | 1994-2008    |                   |
| **Title:** Post Flood Livelihood Early Recovery and Rehabilitation Program for Poor and Marginalized People  
**Client:** CARE-Bangladesh                                                                | Cash for Work, Installation water sealed latrines, tube wells, conduct Orientation Sessions for awareness raising on water, sanitation and hygiene, etc | Jamalpur    | 2008-2009    | 28,956,200        |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project title and client</th>
<th>Focus / scope of tasks</th>
<th>Region/Area</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Order value in BDT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Title: Core Family Shelter Reconstruction works  
Client: UNDP                   | undertake the core shelter recovery program, shelter house reconstruction in the two worst sidr affected districts | Patuakhali & Barguna District | 2008      | 60,206,450         |
| Title: Protecting Women’s Rights Through Strengthening Local Government (PWSLG)  
Client: PSU-CIDA               | Raising awareness and building capacity of the LGI representatives especially female members for protecting women’s rights through empowerment | Sirajganj              | 2007-2008  |                    |
| Title: Response for flood and river erosion.  
Client: CARE-Bangladesh        |                                                                                       | Sirajganj              | 2007      |                    |
| Title: Democratic Local Governance Program (DLGP)  
Client: RTI                     | Capacity building of LGIs, development of participatory strategic planning by LGIs |                           | 2006-2008  |                    |
| Title: Broad Based Coalition and Advocacy for Human Rights (BCAHR) Project  
Client: AED                   | Advocacy program to address all kinds of violence against women through networking with 14 partner NGOs |                           | 2004-2006  |                    |
| Title: Collective Advocacy to Criminalize Domestic Violence  
Client: AED                       | Domestic violence policy to protect domestic violence had been developed. | 34 Districts            | 2004-2006  |                    |
| Title: Emergency Response to Cyclone Sidr affected people.  
Client: UNDP                       | Distribution of food and essential non-food items and safe drinking water. | Patuakhali and Pirojpur District | 2007      | 40,037,335        |
| Title: Post cyclone Sidr and flood response.  
Client: HOPE International, Canada | Distribution of seeds, CFW, and family shelter construction. | Patuakhali and Sirajganj | 2008      | 2,460,000         |
| Title: Post cyclone Sidr response.  
Client: UNICEF/CARE                 | WATSAN                                                                                  | Barguna                         | 2008      | 2,264,800         |
| Title: Post cyclone Sidr response.  
18. An overview of the major running programs of SAP-Bangladesh:

The major programs of SAP–Bangladesh implemented directly by SAP-Bangladesh are contributing towards achieving the common goal of the organization. The goal of SAP-Bangladesh is to bring about the sustainable and equitable social, economic and political development of disadvantaged people in Bangladesh by strengthening the efforts of the community people at the grass-roots level.

South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh has been implementing a number of projects with multiple focuses that are illustrated below:

18.1 Micro Finance Program

Microfinance is the provision of financial services to low-income clients, including consumers and the self-employed, who traditionally lack access to banking and related services. More broadly, it is a movement whose object is a world in which as many poor and near-poor households as possible have permanent access to an appropriate range of high quality financial services, including not just credit but also savings, insurance, and fund transfers. Those who promote microfinance generally believe that such access will help poor people out of poverty.

In developing economies and particularly in the rural areas, many activities that would be classified in the developed world as financial are not monetized; that is, money is not used to carry them out. Almost by definition, poor people have very little money. But circumstances often arise in their lives in which they need money or the things money can buy.

Although Micro Credit is a recent initiative of SAP-Bangladesh, it has already promoted the economic empowerment of the poor and disadvantaged family, especially women-headed family in all over the country especially in the Chars and marginalized areas. SAP-Bangladesh maintains the following mentioned necessities in conducting its micro-finance activities:

- Lifecycle Needs: such as weddings, funerals, childbirth, education, home building, widowhood.
- Personal Emergencies: such as sickness, injury, unemployment, theft, harassment or death.
- Disasters: such as fires, floods, cyclones and man-made events.
- Investment Opportunities: expanding a business, buying land or equipment, improving housing, securing a job, etc.

In working with the marginalized peoples over the last 25 years, SAP-Bangladesh has adapted the strategies of empowering the disadvantaged section of the community through promoting human rights, establishing good governance and providing services in the form of micro-finance, quality education, disaster relief and post-disaster rehabilitation etc. SAP – Bangladesh believes that, increased production, fair distribution, greater knowledge and more food would mean more food for more people. In an extremely poor country like Bangladesh, fair distribution of resources is not possible unless there is a greater production of resources. Without increasing production of economic resources, fair distribution will result in fair distribution of poverty.
Therefore, SAP-Bangladesh has equally been emphasizing economic growth approach through micro-finance program. In response to the demands of the community people, SAP- Bangladesh is gradually expanding its micro-finance program.

SAP-Bangladesh started its micro-credit program in the late eighties. Initially, it was an experiment and the program operated in remote islands of the coastal belt. With the initial experience, SAP- Bangladesh expanded this program at Belkuchi Upazila of Sirajganj District in 2002.

After successful experimentation both in islands and main lands, SAP-Bangladesh decided to expand this program to other parts of the country. With a dream of expansion, SAP-Bangladesh became a partner of apex financing organization PKSF in October 2004. Since then, the program has been strengthened and is running quite smoothly. A panel of experts has been engaged to expand the micro-finance program.

Since inception of the program, SAP-Bangladesh has uplifted a good number of families from the poverty level. From very beginning, SAP-Bangladesh initiated the program as voluntary approach not for making profit. Considering that aspect, SAP-Bangladesh can mention that in the program areas, the beneficiaries cordially received SAP-Bangladesh from their heart.

**Goal of the program**
Poverty alleviation and ensure socio-economic development of disadvantaged people, especially women.

**Objectives**
- a. To provide better financial services for the poor.
- b. To provide micro-credit support to beneficiaries for self-employment and enterprise development;
- c. To promote community organizations of poor women for self-help and sustainable development;
- d. To eliminate poverty among hardcore poor and poor people once and forever;
- e. To develop social awareness and leadership among beneficiaries through weekly meetings;
- f. Develop and adopt a savings utilization policy ensuring maximum benefit of the target beneficiaries.

**Supporting Agency**
- i. Palli Karma-Sahayak Foundation (PKSF)
- ii. Anukul Foundation, MDF
- iii. SAP-Bangladesh Own Fund

**Major Components of SAP-BD's Microfinance**
- Group Formation
- Awareness Creation
- Savings Mobilization
- Loan Disbursement
- IGA related Training

**Program Beneficiaries**
At present, a total of 26,706 peoples are the direct beneficiaries of SAP-Bangladesh's micro-finance program while of which 1293 are male and 25,413 are female. The indirect beneficiaries are about 108, 676. SAP-Bangladesh maintains the following criteria for selecting its beneficiaries.
- a. Landless poor people focusing on women
- b. People who own less than half an acre of land
- c. People who earn their living by selling manual labor, and:
- d. The hard core poor, who live below poverty line.
**Working Area:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Upazila</th>
<th># of Unions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Patuakhali</td>
<td>Galachipa</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patuakhali</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dashmina</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rangabali</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barguna</td>
<td>Antolli</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sirajgonj</td>
<td>Sirajgonj</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ullapara</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shahajadpur</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Raygonj</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Kamarkhandha</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Belkuchi</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chowhali</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dhaka</td>
<td>Mohammadpur</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Adabar</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pallabi</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mirpur</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Kafirul</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Agargaon</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Savar</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manikganj</td>
<td>Singair</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bagerhat</td>
<td>Bagerhat Sadar</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fakirhat</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>Upazila: 16, City area: 6</strong></td>
<td><strong>87</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 18.2 Enhancing Resources and Increasing Capabilities of Poor Household towards Elimination of their Poverty (ENRICH) Program

There are many micro credit organizations in Bangladesh and providing credit to the poor households but sustainable development is not achieved. For the sustainable development it is required to develop their health and education and increasing their capabilities on livelihood activities. Increasing the access to modern technologies, proper health services and education of poor household then the productivity will be increased. In this regard
PKSF takes a program on the basis of one union one partner organization. An integrated support package and credit is included in the program. SAP-Bangladesh is implementing ENRICH program since February 2010 with support and funding from PKSF.

**Goal of the program:**
Best utilization of resources and capabilities and enhancing resources and increasing capabilities of poor household towards elimination of their poverty.

**Objectives:**
- To empower the poor households and elimination of the poverty.
- To ensure the access of poor households in health, education and nutrition.
- To mitigate natural disaster and rehabilitate the poor households.
- To sustainable elimination of the poverty through organizational development.

**Beneficiary Criteria:**
- Those who are involved in any program in PKSF
- Willing to get micro credit but not involved in any credit organization.
- Ultra poor/destitute households those who are not considered eligible to get credit.

**Number of beneficiary households:**
3774 households in 14 villages of Panpatti Union

**Working Area:**
SAP-Bangladesh is implementing ENRICH program in Panpotti Union of Galachipa Upazila.

**Duration of the program:**
The program was started from February, 2010 and no cut-off date.

**Components of the program:**
- Health
- Education
- Livelihood
- Water and sanitation

**Component wise activities of ENRICH Program:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Education</th>
<th>Livelihoods</th>
<th>Water &amp; Sanitation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Static clinic (By Health Assistant)</td>
<td>Establishment of education centre (EC)</td>
<td>Enlist of security guards</td>
<td>Installation of sanitary latrine in educational institution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide primary treatment to the patients in static clinic</td>
<td>Admission of students</td>
<td>Establishment of medicinal plants garden</td>
<td>Repairing of sanitary latrine in educational institution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satellite clinic (By MBBS Doctor)</td>
<td>Repairing of wooden/Bamboo made shako/bridge</td>
<td>Distribution of porous pipe</td>
<td>Repairing of sanitary latrine in educational institution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide primary treatment among the patients in satellite clinic</td>
<td>Recruitment of Teachers</td>
<td>(AWD Irrigation System)</td>
<td>Repairing of wooden/Bamboo made shako/bridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health camp (By Specialist Doctor)</td>
<td>Distribution of school materials</td>
<td></td>
<td>Installation of deep tube well/PSF/RWHS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Participation in NID</td>
<td>(Black Board, Mat, Chalk, Duster, Signboard etc)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
18.3 Socio Economic Uplifting of the Poor People (SEUPP) Project

In combination with other project Micro Credit is a poverty reducing initiative of vulnerable target-groups working with SAP-Bangladesh. It has already promoted the economic empowerment of the poor and disadvantaged HHs, especially women-headed family in all chars and marginalized areas. SAP-Bangladesh maintains to address multidimensional necessities in conducting its micro-finance activities such as lifecycle Needs including weddings, funerals, childbirth, education, home building, and widowhood; personal emergencies including sickness, injury, unemployment, theft, harassment or death; disasters including fires, floods, cyclones and man-made events; and investment opportunities including business, buying land or equipment, improving housing, securing a job, etc. This intervention brought useful and significant changes in the targeted community with the cooperation of SAP BD’s efficient support program in all respects. The Microfinance Program of SAP-Bangladesh is supported by PKSF, Anukul Foundation and HIDA.

Based on the above course SAP BD slowly and gradually grounded a foundation on microfinance activities for the rural and urban poor people. It has by this time institutionalized a peoples discipline in managing microfinance throughout the target beneficiaries. In this regard Hope International Development Agency (HIDA) came forward in 2012-2013 to enhance the strength of microfinance in Ullahpara and Shahjadpur Upazilas of Sirajganj district. It is not only the approach of step-forward for adding anything in microfinance but also a remarkable thrust for disadvantaged people’s income generating activities and organization’s sustainability as well.

Therefore, SAP Bangladesh is equally emphasizing economic growth approach through micro-finance program. In response to the demands of the community people, SAP- Bangladesh is gradually expanding its micro-finance program in terms of its capacity ahead. To the reporting period it has been possible for the organization to keep going with direct contribution to the 168395 HHs under its different implementing projects. Apart 625 borrowers are having micro finance facilities with the outstanding figure of BDT 5214031 and received BDT 4,400,000 from Hope International Development Agency.

Project Goal:
Socio economic uplifting of the poor people by undertaking IGAs through micro finance support

Activities:
- Microfinance support to the poor people.
- Capacity building of the poor people for undertaking and managing IGAs.
- Upgrading quality of livelihoods of the poor people.

18.4 Quality Inclusive Education and Skill Development Program in Barguna

Barguna is an under developed coastal district in the southern part of Bangladesh. Barguna Sadar Upazila consists of 1 Pourashava and 10 Unions is disadvantaged in terms of socio-economic perspective as well as livelihood of poor people.

SAP-BD has been implementing “Quality Inclusive Education and Skill Development Program (QIESDP)” in Barguna Sadar Upazila in partnership with and support from Plan International Bangladesh since July 2015. The specific objective of the program is “2,982 children (at least 50% girls) from Barguna Sadar Upazila
especially those are most marginalized and excluded from benefits of quality inclusive education with specific support for continuation of secondary education through strengthening existing education system”.
The program is being implemented in 29 villages of 8 Unions of Barguna Sadar Upazila under Barguna District.

**Overall Objectives of the Project:**
2,982 children (at least 50% girls) from Barguna Upazila especially those are most marginalized and excluded from benefits of quality inclusive education with specific support for continuation of secondary education through strengthening existing education system.

**Specific objectives:**
- To create school led community based and family focused parenting program for children from pregnancy period to 3 (Pto3)
- To establish community based early learning opportunity for 3-5 years age children
- To provide support to schools in ensuring accessibility and child-friendly environment
- To empower teachers in practicing true inclusive education at school level
- To empower children to participate in school development activities
- To empower SMC and community groups to support school development initiatives
- To create a support system at Upazilla level that provides quality supports to school through mentoring
- To provide support to children aged 12 to 15 years to continue their study at secondary level
- To provide support to children aged 14-16 in getting access to quality and relevant technical education and skill development opportunities including workplace attitude and life skills for transition to current and future employment
- To provide support to children especially marginalized, excluded and out-of-school children and youth age 15-24 (at least 50% female) in getting support of technical and vocational skill development opportunities along with basic literacy, numeracy and life skills package to secure decent employment

**Working Area:**
The project will be implemented in 8 Unions (Badarkhali, Gourichanna, Burirchar, Dhalua, Barguna, M.Baliatali, Aylapatakata and Naltona Unions) of Barguna Sadar Upazila under Barguna District.

**Target Beneficiaries:**
A total of 2,982 children (at least 50% girls) from Barguna Sadar Upazila, especially those are most marginalized and excluded from benefits of quality inclusive education with specific support for continuation of secondary education through strengthening existing education system.

**Key Interventions of the project:**
Key Interventions for Quality Inclusive Education and Skill Development are as follows:

(i) Strong Community outreach of pre-primary education to tackle exclusion and minimize inclusion challenges through community-led early learning support systems
(ii) Practical inclusion strategies for primary school that include accessibility, empowering teachers and supervisors on inclusive pedagogy, quality mentoring, engagement of community and children and inclusive academic and non-academic activities.
(iii) Working with mainstream school to design and demonstrate girl-friendly schools that support students, especially girls to continue secondary education. Intervention will leverage resources and integrate with existing Plan programs like ASRH, SCM, DRR & climate change etc.
(iv) Working with most marginalized out of school children, especially girls to build their aspiration, skills and confidence to reintegrate through formal or non-formal system.
(v) Supporting girls to continue and finish their secondary education
Evidence based advocacy to extend the approach through government system.

**Project duration:** July 01, 2015 to June 30, 2016.

**Budget:** Total budget for FY 2016 is BDT 2,169,025

### 18.5: Quality Inclusive Education Project in Bhola

#### Background and Rationale:
Inclusive education in Bangladesh for children with special needs is not behind in other developed countries. Lack of resources is the main barrier in implementing inclusive education. Special education and integrated education models exist in Bangladesh. New initiatives need to undertake such as link programs between regular and special schools, dual placement provisions, development of special units in regular schools, initiation of model schools for others to follow and different education institutions and inter-agency collaboration to improve inclusive education practices. Bhola district is situated in the southern coastal belt of Bangladesh. All the 13 Unions of Bhola Sadar Upazila are disadvantaged in terms of socio-economic perspective as well as livelihood of poor people.

SAP-BD has been implementing “Quality Inclusive Education Project (QIEP)” in Bhola Sadar Upazila in partnership with and support from Plan International Bangladesh since June 2016. The specific objective of the project is “to establish community based early learning opportunity for 3-5 year age children and to establish backward linkage of government primary school with early learning interventions”.

#### Target Location:
This project will be implemented in Bhola Sadar Upazilla of Bhola District under Barisal Division. The Upazilla is under Plan’s sponsorship program; for providing some supports to sponsorship children and their community this project has been designed.

#### Target Group:
750 (50% girls) children of age 3 to 5 will be supported under this project by 75 SBKs.

#### Overall Objective:
750 children of ages 3-5 years (at least 50% girls) from Bhola district under Barisal division especially those are most marginalized and excluded from the benefit of quality inclusive education.

#### Specific objectives:
- To establish community based early learning opportunity for 3-5 years age children
- To establish backward linkage with of government primary school with early learning interventions.

#### Outcomes:
1. Parents and caregivers are practicing critical IECD issues with a focus on early intervention.
2. Parents, caregivers and teachers are skilled and practicing early learning & school preparedness for children aged 3-5 years.
3. GO-NGO education initiatives are influenced through collective & coordinated learning sharing, joint initiatives, and technical supports.

**Outputs:**
1. Children aged 3-5 years are receiving early learning intervention in gender friendly inclusive settings.
2. SBK graduates especially girls enrolled in pre-primary school.
3. Local education authorities have increased knowledge on mentoring and supportive supervision.

**Key Interventions for Quality Inclusive Education are:**
(vii) Strong Community outreach of pre-primary education to tackle exclusion and minimize inclusion challenges through community-led early learning support systems.
(viii) Working with most marginalized out of community children, especially girls to build their aspiration, skills and confidence to reintegrate through formal or non-formal system.
(ix) Supporting girls to continue and finish their early learning education.
(x) Evidence based advocacy to extend the approach through government system.

**The implementation strategies are:**
- Working closely with government using mainstreaming schools.
- Technical partnership with like-minded organizations working in the field of inclusive early learning education.
- Professional capacity development of different stakeholders including project and partner staffs in the area of ECCD.
- National level coordination and collaboration with organizations and networks working on ECCD.

**18.6: Community Led Strengthening Health Services Project in Bhola**

**Background and Rationale:**

Bangladesh has achieved commendable progress in health and population sector advancement over the past 25 years. Despite these advancements, major challenges remain in improving maternal and child health indicators. Compared to national data, progress in Bhola district is low. With a view to address the need, SAP-BD has been implementing the Community Led Strengthening Health Services Project (CLSHSP) in 6 Unions of Bhola Sadar Upazila in partnership with and support from Plan International Bangladesh since September 01, 2017.

**Target Location:**
The project will cover a total 07 Unions (Bheduria, Velumiah, Dhania, PurbaIllisha, PoschimIllisha, Rajapur, Shibpur) under Bhola Sadar Upazila of Bhola District.

**Target Beneficiaries:**

The project aim to reach total girl <18 years 69,642, total boy <18 years 69,641, total women > 18 years 51,475, total men > 18 years 51,475, including total Sponsored Child (SC) 3,600, from FY 19 the SC will be covered around 7,000, total CG members 442 and total CSG members 1,326 through functioning total number of 26 Community Clinics.

**Overall Objectives of the Project:**

570,000 children, young people and mothers including the most vulnerable, benefit from access to appropriate quality health services to strengthening govt. health system and comprehensive child upbringing and sexuality education in the districts.

**Specific objectives:**

**Objective 01:** To increase representation and active participation of community members: CG, CSG, FWC management group, CSO, community leaders.

**Objective 02:** Objective: To strengthen referral system.

**Outcomes:**

a. Mothers and children’s of the interventions areas will received quality essential primary health care service, including basic MNCH, SRHR and Nutrition services through the community lead strengthen Health Services from the community level health facilities.

b. Mother and Children’s will be benefitted from higher-level health facilities through referral services.

**Outputs:**

a. Develop MOU with Community Based Health care (CBHC) unit of DGHS.


c. Build Capacity to CG and CSG on functioning the Community Clinic.

d. Established a coordination mechanism with CG/CSG / Local Government and stakeholders.

e. Established referral Linkage with primary and secondary referral centres and emphasis on life threatening case especially from E category.

**Key Interventions of the project:**

Key Interventions for Community Led Strengthening Health Services Project are as follows:

a. Capacity building and Strengthening the Community level Groups

b. Coordination with stakeholders , Union Parisad and government health staffs

c. Promoting healthy family practices and essential primary health services at community clinic level through community mobilization activity

d. Function the referral system

e. Fund raising from community and sustainability
18.7: Child Rights & Protection Project in Bhola

Background and Rationale:

Statistics indicate that 60 million children in Bangladesh among them 40 million are in rural areas, 18 million are less than five years old and about 12 million live in extreme poverty. Although Bangladesh has made striking progress on key development indicators over the past fifteen years, it could not do well in protecting its children from abuse, exploitation, neglect and violence. SAP-BD started Child Rights & Protection Program (CRPP) in 6 Unions (Rajapur, East Ilisha, West Ilisha, Dhania, Veduria and Velumia) of Bhola Sadar Upazila of Bhola District since September 2017 in partnership with and support from Plan International Bangladesh with a view to protect the children from all forms of violence including child marriage, child labor, etc.

Target Location:

The project will cover a total of 6 Unions (Bheduria, Velumiah, Dhania, PurbaIlisha, PoschimIlisha, Rajapur) under Bhola Sadar Upazila of Bhola District.

Target Beneficiaries:

This project in Bhola will reach 2,500 children (of which 60% will be girls) and 5,000 number of duty bearers (Parents, government authorities, community groups, media, civil society and local government institutions representatives) in 6 unions (Bheduria, Velumiah, Dhania, PurbaIlisha, PoschimIlisha, Rajapur) under Bhola Sadar Upazila of Bhola District.

Overall Objectives of the Project:

Children are better protected from all forms of violence including child marriage through effective community based child protection mechanisms.

Specific objectives:

The specific objectives of the project are:

1. To support the functioning or establishment of a national child protection system in Bhola District.
2. To protect children from abuse, violence, child marriage, child labour and trafficking by focusing on vulnerable children their families and communities to increase their ability to participate in and benefit from government service provider institutions and their societies.
3. To ensure CRC, CEDAW and SAIEVAC implementation, monitoring and reporting by strengthening children’s and youth groups and bringing in the voices of marginalized children and young people.
4. To build child and youth citizenship and empower them to create positive social change by supporting their engagement and participation in national issues and Plan’s impact areas

Result Chain:

Objectives 1: To support the functioning or establishment of a national child protection system in Bhola District.

Activities:
- Formation and meeting with Upazila Child Welfare Board, Projection – Total # 3 under 2604
- Formation and meeting with District Child Welfare Board, Projection – Total # 4 under 2604
- Capacity Enhancement training on CP for law enforcement agencies like Police, Ansar, VDP, Village police, Projection -Total # 2 under 2604
- Day celebration(IWD,DRR, UBR, WHD, ILD)- Total # 03 under 2711

Objectives 2: To protect children from abuse, violence, child marriage, child labor and trafficking by focusing on vulnerable children their families and communities to increase their ability to participate in and benefit from government service provider institutions and their societies.

Activities:
- Capacity enhancement orientation on CP for Violence against Women (VAW) and children prevention committee, Projection Total # 6 under 2604
- Quarterly meeting with Community Based Child Protection Committee, Projection – Total # 116 under 2611
- Orientation on responsibility of CBCPC at Ward level, Projection – Total # 9 under 2621
- Orientation on CP issues for SC parents, Projection – Total # 7 under 2621

Objectives 3: To ensure CRC, CEDAW and SAIEVAC implementation, monitoring and reporting by strengthening children’s and youth groups and bringing in the voices of marginalized children and young people.

Activities:
- Child rights development planning workshop by the children, Total # 6 under 2711
- Monitoring CP issues through children consultation, Projection - Total # 3 under 2711
- Quarterly meeting with Youth Advisory Panel, Projection – Total # 4 under 2711
- Monitoring online birth registration process -Projection - Total # 6
- Formation and meeting with Union Children Forum, Projection- Total # 8 under 2711
- Orientation on Champion of Change to the youths. Projection – Total # 3 under 2711

Objectives 4: To build child and youth citizenship and empower them to create positive social change by supporting their engagement and participation in national issues and Plan’s impact areas

Activities:
- Orientation on CP for CBCPC
- Projection- Total # 27 under 2621
Key Interventions of the project:

- Capacity building initiatives for Children and Youth forum, Local stakeholders, SAP-BD, UP standing committee,CBCPCs, Local NGOs and CBOs.
- Community based child protection Mechanism (CBCPM) through Community Based Child Protection Committees (CBCPCs),
- Campaigning on awareness for stopping child marriage, promote child rights and ensure protection at all level.
- Union Development planning, practice for develop good governance, Sponsorship and development education as well as awareness activities on gender based violence for developing girls and young women.

18.8 Livelihood Development Program for the Elderly People (LDPEP) Project

South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh has been implementing the “Livelihood Development Program for the Elderly People” in Panpotti Union of Galachipa Upazila under Patuakhali District in partnership with and support from PKSF since October 2018. The project is funded jointly by PKSF and SAP-Bangladesh. The program has targeted to address the needs of 1,175 elderly people (male-625, female-550) of all the 14 villages in targeted Panpotti Union.

Goal of the project:
To ensure safe social life, the dignitaries of the elders, poverty free, working and keep good health.

Working area:
All the 14 villages of Panpotti Union under Galachipa Upazila of Patuakhali District.

Major activities:
- Listing of the targeted elderly people
- Formation of Village, Ward and Union Probin Committee
- Orientation to the probin leaders
- Orientation to the Microfinance Program staff on the program interventions
- Distribution of Elderly Allowance and Best award to the successful elderly people
- International day observation

18.9 Gender Transformative Early Childhood Development (GeTECD) Project in Barguna

South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh has been implementing the “Gender Transformative Early Childhood Development (GeTECD) Project in Barguna Sadar Upazila since October 01, 2019 in partnership with and support from Plan International Bangladesh. South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh (SAP-BD) has been
implementing education related project for the last 30 years in Bangladesh. Early Childhood Development (ECD) is one of the core programmes of SAP-BD. Through the 30 years endeavors in implementing Early Learning Centers (Shishu Bikash Kendra-SBK) in the community, SAP-BD has identified that unequal treatments i.e. parenting, playing, early learning, food and nutrition, schooling and aspiration building among boys and girls. Son preference is very common scenario in Bangladesh. Parents and community peoples think girls will be married soon and look after children and households; but, sons will be involved in income generation and they will look their parents in older ages. This problem inspired SAP-BD to initiate the project – Gender Transformative Early Childhood Development – GeTECD Project.

**Goal of the project:**
All children under eight years - especially girls - develop to their full potential, free from discriminatory and limiting attitudes, practices and expectations based on gender, ability and other identities.

**The Long-term Outcomes (Major Objectives):**
To contribute to the broader goal, the project has identified three long-term outcomes which are the main objectives of the project that will ensure the development of a demonstrative model of Gender Transformative Early Childhood Development (GeTECD) Project. These are;

- Parents/primary caregivers (and other family members)-female and male - share decision-making, care work and childrearing responsibilities within the household and provide nurturing care equally to girls and boys.
- Community leaders, parents, local authorities and teachers ensure that children have access to quality gender-responsive and inclusive learning opportunities, from SBK through to the early grades of primary.
- Policy and decision makers have improved understanding of why investing in gender-transformative ECD policy, programmes and services is important, and of what are effective, scalable gender-transformative interventions.

**Project Components:**
To contribute to the broader goals and achieve the long-term program outcomes, the project activities will be clustered into three different components. These are;

- Positive parenting/ Gender responsive Parenting (Community level)
- Early Learning Centre (SBK and early grade primary ) (At school and ECD centers)
- Policy advocacy (Policy and National Level)

**Working area:**
The targeted area of project covers 6 unions (Badarkhali, Gourichanna, Ailapatakata, Burirchar, Dhalua and M.balatiati) under Barguna Sadar Upazila of Barguna District.

**Conclusion:**
Considering the current situation Gender Transformative Early Childhood Development (GeTECD) Project in Barguna through Skill Development of the concern parties is essential in Barguna. The project has been potentially designed to implement in Barguna district that will ensure gender equality early childhood development for the targeted children by creating school led community based and family focused parenting program for the children from pregnancy period to 8, establishing community based early learning opportunity for under 8 years age children, providing support to schools in ensuring accessibility and child-friendly environment, empowering teachers in practicing true early childhood development at home, school level, empowering children to participate in school development activities, empowering SMC and community groups to support development initiatives. It will create a support system at Upazilla level that
provides quality supports to gender and early childhood development through mentoring, providing support to children aged under 8 years to continue development level in different stair of community, providing support to different stakeholders as required.

19. SAP-Bangladesh Training Programs:

SAP-Bangladesh has been training small to mid size NGOs on various capacity building themes for over 20 years.

SAP-Bangladesh has many fully developed training programs that can be taught by SAP-Bangladesh trainers. Programs currently available are:

- Good Governance
- Human Rights
- Women and Child Rights
- Gender Equality
- Sexual abuse of children
- Voter Education
- Small arms
- Facilitation Skills
- Training of Trainers – Basics
- Training of Trainers on Advocacy
- Organizational Management
- Union Parishad Capacity Building

The SAP-Bangladesh Training team can also develop and teach customized Training programs to meet specific needs. Under the capacity building initiative, SAP-Bangladesh performs the following activities:

- Assess and identify training needs
- Develop training curriculum and modules
- Conduct training and evaluations

Type of Training available:

- Orientation Training
- Basic Training
- Refresher Training
- In-Service Training
- Workshops
- Seminars and discussion groups

20. SAP-Bangladesh’s Funding Partners:

21. Logistic Resources:
SAP-Bangladesh has its own five-storied building using for both office purposes including conference room as well as training venue and dormitory facilities of 30 persons. Besides, SAP-Bangladesh is well equipped with the adequate number of computers, audio-visual devices (multimedia, OHP, PA system etc.) along with the e-mail/internet facilities. More specifically, it has two other project offices in Mohammadpur, Dhaka with conference rooms and other logistic facilities like computers, telephones, mobiles, internet, cameras, OHPs, multi-media, VIP board etc. SAP- Bangladesh has its field offices in Sirajgonj, Gaibandha, Bagerhat, Barguna, Patuakhali, and Galachipa, with adequate logistic facilities. For frequent field visits, SAP- Bangladesh has two four-wheeler jeeps, one microbus and a car. The organization also has adequate number of motorcycles and bicycles for the staffs to run the project activities smoothly.

22. Last three years’ annual operational budget:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Budget in BDT</th>
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<tr>
<td>2017-2018</td>
<td>998,670,595</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018-2019</td>
<td>917,586,175</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

23. Conclusion:
South Asia Partnership-Bangladesh (SAP-BD) is a non-government national level organization devoted to promote the socio-economic condition of the poorer section of the community in Bangladesh since its inception in 1984. It began its operation in Bangladesh as a funding agency for local NGOs who were not capable of attracting funding from donors on their own competence. In the last 35 years, SAP-BD provided technical and financial support to more than 350 NGOs which have field operation programs in 37 districts in Bangladesh. It has a number of directly implemented programs in Patuakhali, Barguna, Bagerhat, Sirajganj, Gaibandha, Dhaka and Manikganj districts. The organization is implementing different diversified projects/programs at the community level for promoting the socio-economic, socio-political conditions and position of the poorer section of the community. The organization is also implementing the disaster preparedness, response, early recovery, rehabilitation, and Disaster Risks Reduction (DRR) Projects since its inception. SAP-BD is implementing the development projects/ programs in a participatory and transparent way with its experienced and skilled staff maintaining quality, quantity and timeliness. The organization is confident enough to manage any type of development program/ project all over Bangladesh through the partner NGOs and direct delivery. Any feedback, comments, suggestions and queries if any on the profile of SAP-BD will be highly appreciated.

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